

A short course on

Probabilities and Random Variables

This video:

Total Probability Integration

Terje's Toolbox is freely available at terje.civil.ubc.ca

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Total Probability Rule

$$P(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n P(A|E_i)P(E_i)$$

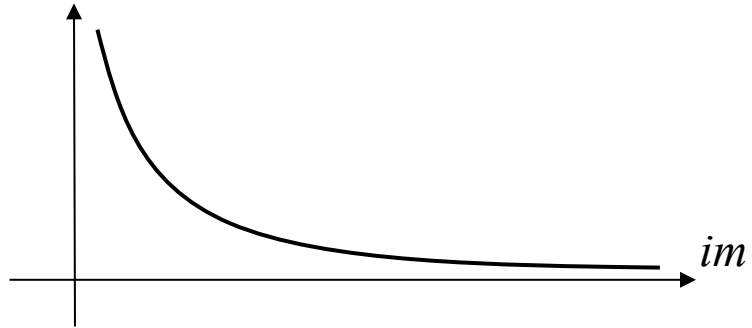
$$P(A) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(A|x) \cdot f(x) dx$$

$$f(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x|y) \cdot f(y) dy$$

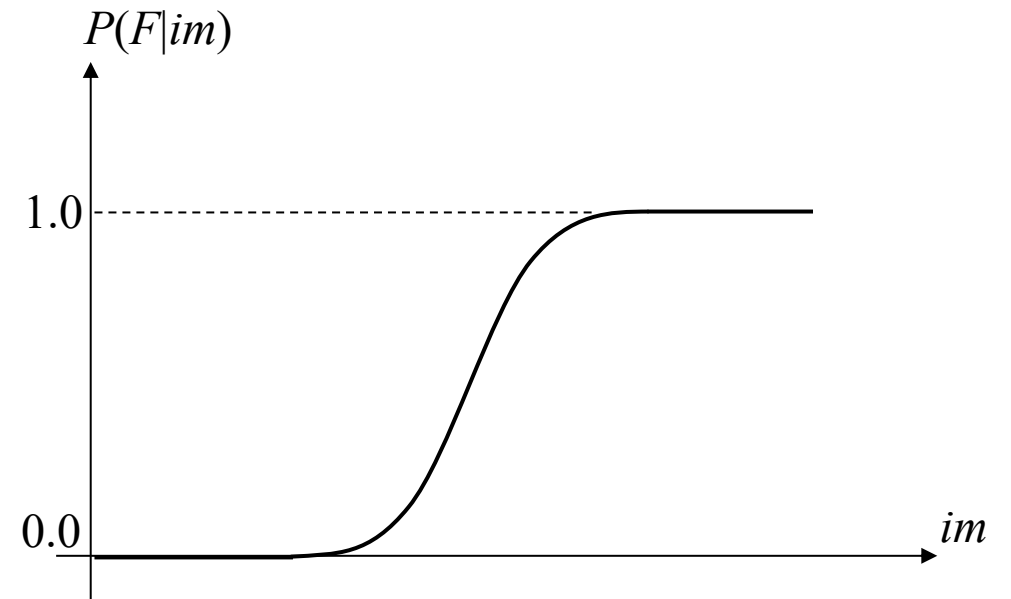
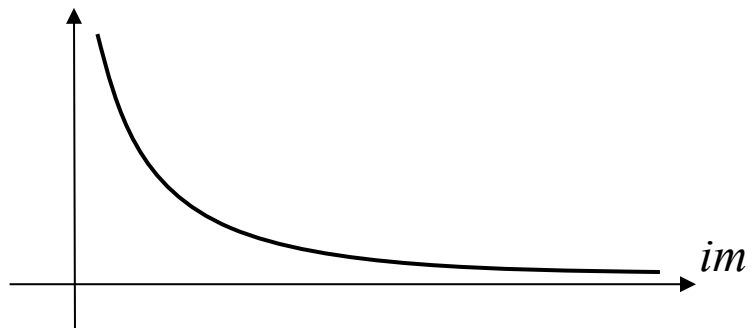
$$f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^N f(x|E_i) \cdot P(E_i)$$

Hazard Curves & Fragility Functions

Probability of exceedance, $G(im)$



Annual rate of exceedance, $\lambda(im)$



Lognormal CDF as Fragility Function

$$F(x) = \Phi\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_Y} \ln\left(\frac{x}{m_X}\right)\right)$$

$$P(DS \geq ds_i) = \Phi\left(\frac{1}{\beta} \ln\left(\frac{d}{\theta}\right)\right)$$

$$m_{\ln(d)} = \mu_{\ln(d)} = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N \ln(d_i)$$

$$\theta = m_d = \exp(m_{\ln(d)}) = \exp\left(\frac{1}{N} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N \ln(d_i)\right)$$

$$\beta^2 = \text{Var}[\ln(d)] = \text{Var}\left[\ln\left(\frac{d}{\theta}\right)\right] = \frac{1}{N-1} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\ln\left(\frac{d_i}{\theta}\right)\right)^2$$

$$\beta = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\ln\left(\frac{d_i}{\theta}\right)\right)^2}$$

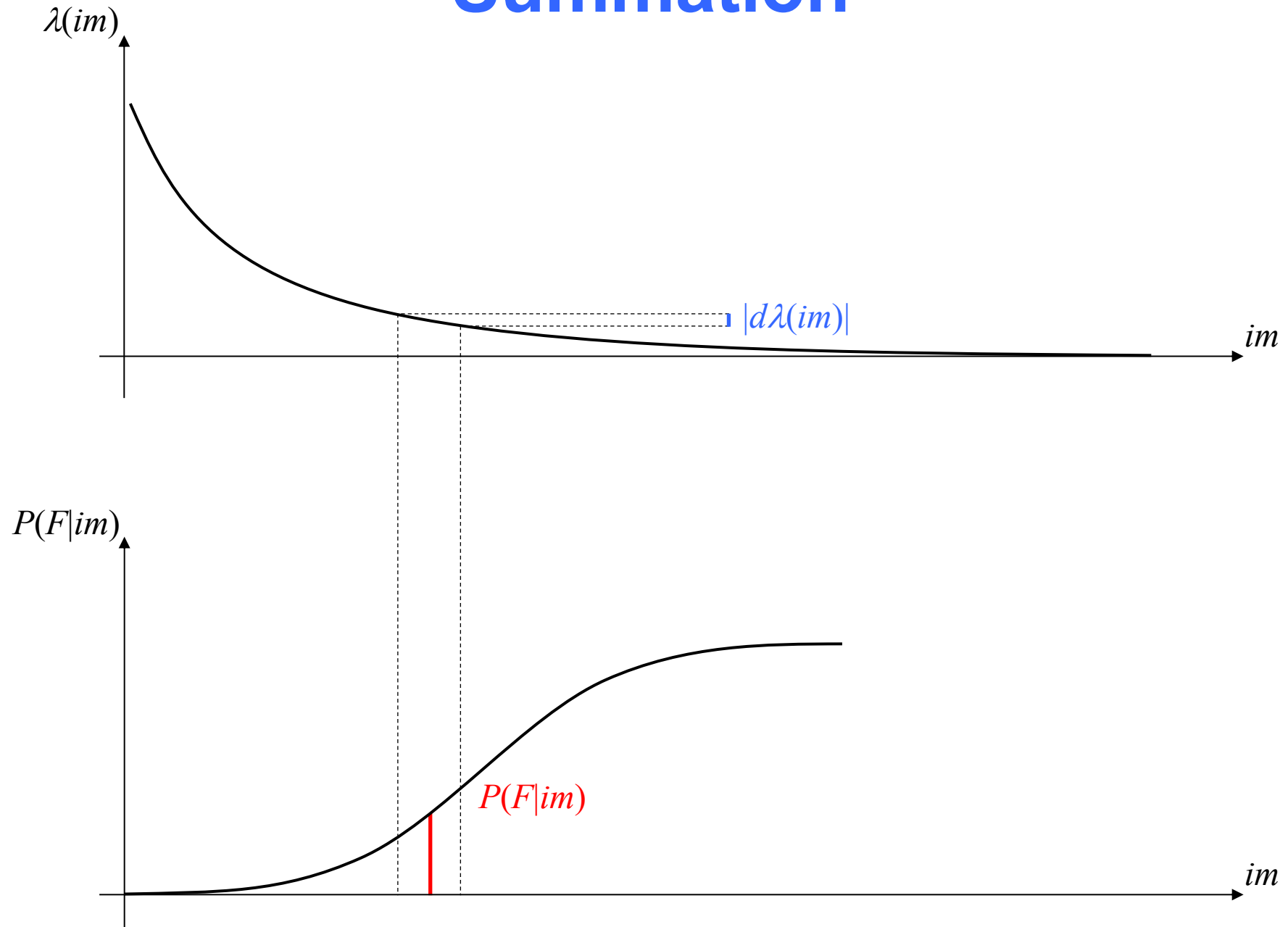
Total Probability Integration

Probability:
$$P(F) = \int_0^{\infty} P(F \mid im) \cdot f(im) \cdot dim = \int_0^{\infty} P(F \mid im) \cdot \left| \frac{dG(im)}{dim} \right| \cdot dim = \int_0^{\infty} P(F \mid im) \cdot |dG(im)| = \sum_{im} P(F \mid im) \cdot |dG(im)|$$

Rate:
$$\lambda(F) = \int_0^{\infty} P(F \mid im) \cdot \left| \frac{d\lambda(im)}{dim} \right| \cdot dim = \sum_{im} P(F \mid im) \cdot |d\lambda(im)|$$

Multiple sources:
$$\lambda(F) = \sum_{s=1}^K \lambda(F \mid s) = \sum_{s=1}^K \left(\sum_{im} P(F \mid im, s) \cdot |d\lambda(im, s)| \right)$$

Summation



Via Damage

$$\lambda(d) = \int_0^{\infty} G(d \mid im) \cdot \left| \frac{d\lambda(im)}{dim} \right| \cdot dim = \int_0^{\infty} G(d \mid im) \cdot |d\lambda(im)|$$

$$\lambda(F) = \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} P(F \mid d) \cdot |G(d \mid im)| \cdot |d\lambda(im)|$$

PEER Triple Integral

Notation: DV = decision variable, e.g., monetary loss
DM = damage measure
EDP = engineering demand parameter, e.g., interstorey drift
IM = intensity measure

Have: $G(dv|dm)$, $G(dm|edp)$, $G(edp|im)$, $\lambda(im)$

Want: $\lambda(dv)$

Total Probability Integration

$$\lambda(edp) = \int_0^{\infty} G(edp|im) \cdot \left| \frac{d\lambda(im)}{dim} \right| dim = \int_0^{\infty} G(edp|im) \cdot |d\lambda(im)|$$

$$\frac{\lambda(edp)}{dedp} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dG(edp|im)}{dedp} \cdot |d\lambda(im)|$$

$$\lambda(dm) = \int_0^{\infty} G(dm|edp) \cdot \left| \frac{d\lambda(edp)}{dedp} \right| dedp = \int_0^{\infty} G(dm|edp) \cdot |d\lambda(edp)|$$

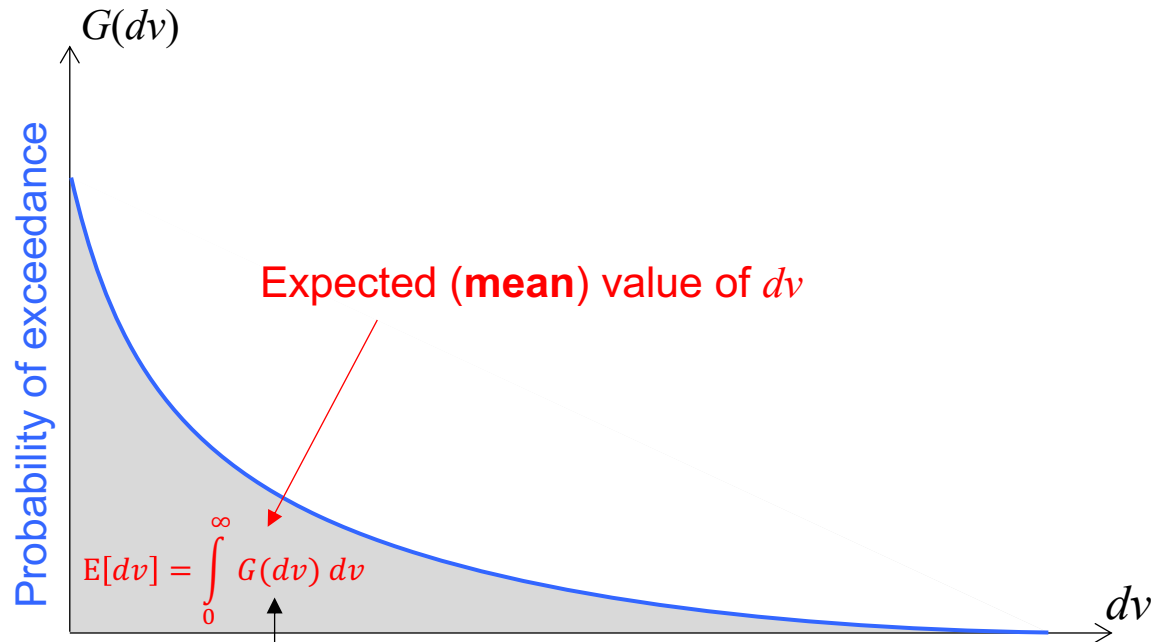
$$\frac{\lambda(dm)}{ddm} = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dG(dm|edp)}{dedp} \cdot |d\lambda(edp)|$$

$$\lambda(dv) = \int_0^{\infty} G(dv|dm) \cdot \left| \frac{d\lambda(dm)}{ddm} \right| ddm = \int_0^{\infty} G(dv|dm) \cdot |d\lambda(dm)|$$

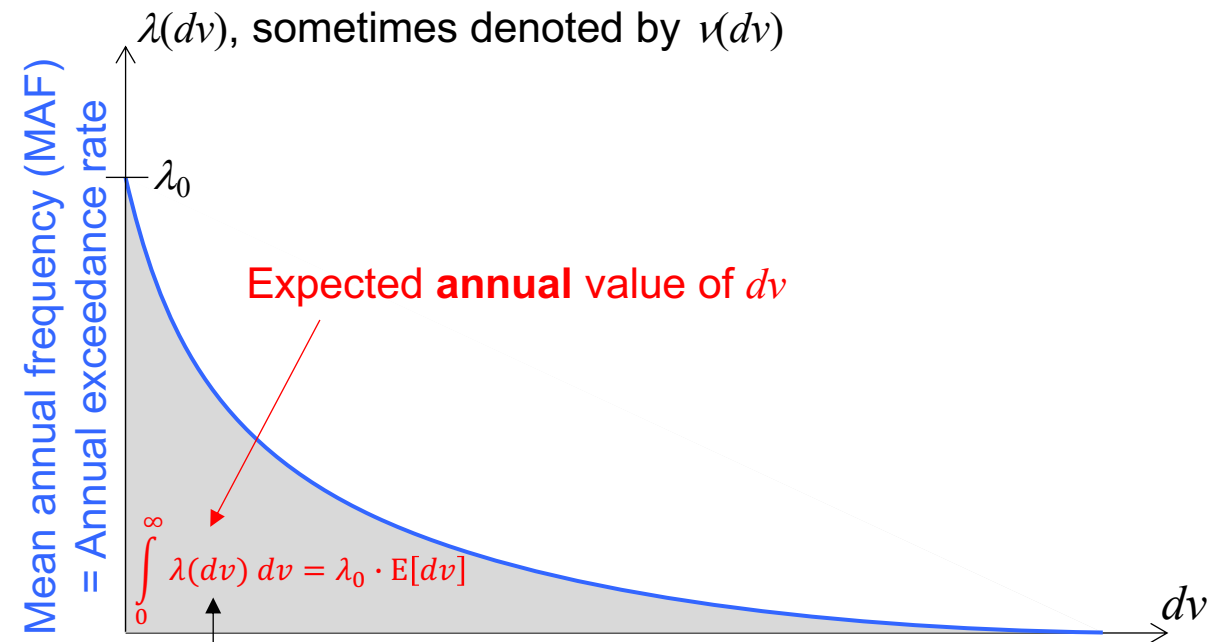
Conclusion:
$$\lambda(dv) = \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} G(dv|dm) \cdot |dG(dm|edp)| \cdot |dG(edp|im)| \cdot |d\lambda(im)|$$

Expectation

$$G = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_0} \leftrightarrow \lambda = \lambda_0 \cdot G$$

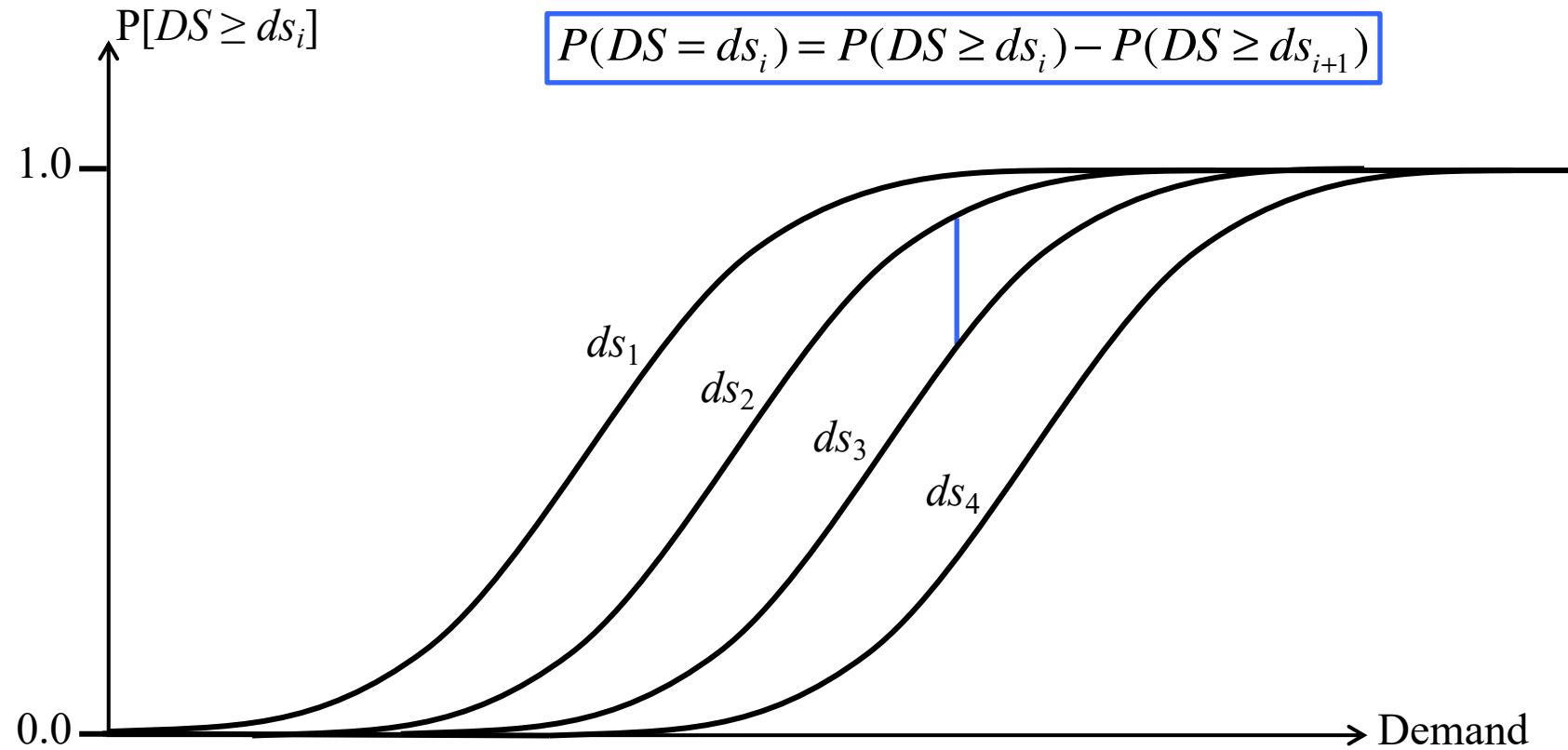


See random variables document



See Eq. (4) in ADKs non-ergodicity paper

Fragility Functions for Damage States



More lectures:

Terje's Toolbox:

terje.civil.ubc.ca